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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/698,070	10/30/2003	Frederic J. Kaye	221749	1623
45733	7590 12/13/2006		EXAMINER	
LEYDIG, VOIT & MAYER, LTD.			VIVLEMORE, TRACY ANN	
	NTIAL PLAZA, SUITE 490 STETSON AVENUE	00	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
CHICAGO, I	L 60601-6731		1635	

DATE MAILED: 12/13/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/698,070	KAYE ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Tracy Vivlemore	1635	
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet wit	h the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFI after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory pe - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by st Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	G DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON atute, cause the application to become ABA	ATION. ply be timely filed THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2 This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Since this application is in condition for allocation accordance with the practice undition.	This action is non-final. wance except for formal matte	·	
Disposition of Claims			
4)	ithdrawn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	accepted or b) objected to be the drawing(s) be held in abeyand rection is required if the drawing(ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		•	
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docum 2. Certified copies of the priority docum 3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International But * See the attached detailed Office action for a	nents have been received. Itents have been received in Appriority documents have been reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s	ummary (PTO-413) I/Mail Date	
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of In 6) Other:	formal Patent Application 	

DETAILED ACTION

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Any rejection not reiterated in this Action is withdrawn.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-6, 8-16, 18-26, 35-39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for compositions that inhibit translation of a Mect1/MAML2 chimeric gene and comprise a fragment of a nucleic acid encoding SEQ ID NO: 12 and a nucleic acid complementary to the fragment having up to three mismatches, does not reasonably provide enablement for compositions wherein the nucleic acid complementary to the fragment comprises up to 10 base substitutions and inhibits translation of a Mect1/MAML2 chimeric gene. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

The following factors as enumerated *In re Wands*, 858 F.2d 731, 737, 8 USPQ2d 1400, 1404 (Fed. Cir. 1988), are considered when making a determination that a disclosure is not enabling: the breadth of the claims, the nature of the invention, the state of the prior art, the level of ordinary skill in the art, the level of predictability in the

art, the amount of direction provided by the inventor, the existence of working examples and the quantity of experimentation needed to make the invention based on the content of the disclosure.

The claims are directed to compositions for inhibition of translation of a Mect1-MAML2 chimeric gene consisting essentially of a fragment of 17-32 nucleotides of a nucleic acid encoding SEQ ID NO: 12 and a nucleic acid complementary to this fragment; the claimed compositions are siRNAs. In specific embodiments the fragment is of varying lengths, the fragment and the nucleic acid are joined by a nucleic acid sequence recognized by a restriction enzyme, the chimeric gene results from a t(11:19) translocation, the fragment comprises SEQ ID NOs: 2 or 5, one of the sequences is in a vector or the composition forms a double stranded structure that comprises an overhang.

The specification describes the nucleic acid molecule complementary to the fragment at page 6. It is disclosed that this sequence can comprise base substitutions, but this term is not explicitly defined. Based on the entirety of this paragraph, which discloses the complementary strand can comprise substitutions, deletions, insertions, and/or inversions, and the disclosure that an alternative description of the complementary sequence is in terms of the percent identity between the complement and the fragment, the term base substitution is interpreted to refer to mismatches in the antisense strand of a siRNA. This interpretation is further supported by the disclosure in example 1 of a 29 base pair strand and that the second strand is a "near perfect" complement to those 29 bases. A mismatch in the complementary strand is a mismatch

in the antisense strand of a siRNA. The specification describes a working example wherein a composition having three mismatches effectively inhibited growth of H292 cells having the t(11:19) translocation associated with the Mect1/MAML2 chimeric gene of SEQ ID NO: 12 but had no effect on tumor cells lacking the t(11:19) translocation. The specification does not describe any other compositions having up to ten mismatches that inhibit translation of a Mect1/MAML2 chimeric gene.

The prior art teaches that a siRNA having up to ten mismatches in the antisense strand will not be functional. Amarzguioui et al. (Nucleic Acids Research 2003) describe the tolerance of siRNAs for mutations and chemical modifications. At page 590 Amarzguioui et al. teach that the presence of mutations (which create a mismatch between the antisense strand and the target) are location dependent, with those at the 3' end severely inhibiting activity. Saxena et al. (Journal of Biological Chemistry 2003) also describe the effects of antisense strand mismatches on siRNA activity. At column 1 of page 44314 Saxena et al. teach that siRNAs targeted to p21 that have 3-4 mismatches in the antisense strand are functional, however they do not function by mRNA degradation but through translation repression. Saxena et al. teach at column 2 of page 44314 that siRNAs targeted to geminin having three mismatches will decrease protein but not mRNA levels, while those having five or eleven mismatches do not function even through translation repression. Based on the teachings of the prior art that siRNAs with large numbers of mismatches in the antisense strand, especially when at the 3' end, do not reduce gene expression; and the lack of specific teachings in the specification regarding how to inhibit translation of a chimeric gene using siRNAs having

more than three such mismatches, the skilled artisan would not be able to use the claimed invention throughout its full scope without undue experimentation.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 40-43, 45 and 46 are allowed.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tracy Vivlemore whose telephone number is 571-272-2914. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 8:45-5:15.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James Schultz, can be reached on 571-272-0763. The central FAX Number is 571-273-8300.

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Tracy Vivlemore Examiner Art Unit 1635

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December 5, 2006

Broon Willemore